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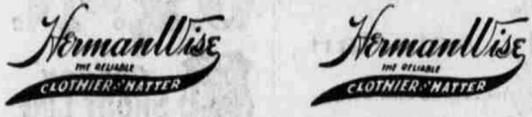
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MUST MAINTAIN AN OPEN DOOR

Russian and Chinese Governments Warned by the United States.

RECENT TREATY APPROVED

Note Sent By Secretary Practically Endorses English-Japanese Compact—How Powers Stand.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—The Tribune today prints the following cablegram from Pekin, under date of February 19:

A sensation was caused in diplomatic circles here today, when it became known that the United States, through Secretary of State Hay, had sent a note to the Russian and Chinese governments following closely along the lines of the Anglo-Japanese treaty of January 30.

The note is a distinct warning to both China and Russia that the United States will not permit the integrity of the empire to be molested in favor of one nation to the detriment of another. The note, which practically indorses the English treaty with Japan, says:

"Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—An agreement whereby China gives any corporation or company the exclusive right or privilege of opening mines, establishing railroads or in any other way industrially developing Manchuria can be viewed with the gravest concern by the government of the United States.

"It constitutes a monopoly which is a distinct breach of the stipulations of the treaties concluded between China and foreign powers and thereby seriously affects the rights of American citizens.

"It restricts their rightful trade, exposing it to being discriminated against, interfered with or otherwise jeopardized, and strongly tends to permanently impairing China's sovereign rights in this part of the empire, while it seriously interferes with her ability to meet international obligations.

"Furthermore, such a concession on China's part would undoubtedly be followed by demands from other powers for similar equal extensive advantages elsewhere in the Chinese empire, and the inevitable result must be the complete wreck of the policy of absolute equality of treatment to all nations respecting trade, navigation and commerce within the empire's confines.

"On the other hand, the attainment by one power of such exclusive privileges for its nationality conflicts with the assurances repeatedly conveyed to this government by the imperial Russian ministry of foreign affairs of the imperial government's intention to follow the policy of the open door as advocated by the government of the United States and accepted by all the treaty powers having commercial interests in the empire.

"It is for these reasons that the government of the United States, now as formerly animated by the sincerest desire of insuring to the whole world the benefits of full and fair intercourse between China and the nations on a footing of equal rights and advantages to all, submits the above to the earnest consideration of the imperial government of China and Russia, confident that they will give weight to its importance and that they will adopt such measures as will relieve the just and natural anxiety of the United States."

The Tribune prints, also, the following special from Washington:

"It has been understood here from the outset that the terms of the British-Japanese government to prevent the integrity of China was submitted in advance to President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay and approved by them.

"Following out the traditional policy, however, of avoiding entangling alliances, the United States positively declined to become a party to any actual agreement concerning China.

"When Lord Cranbourne, in the British parliament last week, declared there was no doubt the British-Japanese agreement would command the full approval of the United States, he spoke by authority. The agreement between Great Britain and Japan was dated January 30. There is, therefore, deep significance that on February 1, two days after the treaty was signed, this country sent to Russia a note practically adopting the principle of the treaty as the policy of the United States. The agreement between

Great Britain and Japan is largely a military one and provides for a joint use of forces in case of hostilities.

"Secretary Hay's letter, of course, could not go to that extent, but the substance of it as telegraphed leaves no doubt that Russia has been notified of the fact in strong diplomatic language that the moral support of the United States is with Great Britain and Japan and that this country will necessarily resent any failure on the part of Russia to redeem the pledge it made to President McKinley that the open door policy should be applied to Manchuria.

"Apparently Secretary Hay waited until after the British-Japanese treaty was made public so that the note of the United States might have all of the weight of an indorsement of that treaty. It is believed here also that Germany wrote a similar note to Russia and that, while the emperor was unwilling to participate in an alliance with England and Japan, he was averse to letting the czar know that Germany's interests in the Orient would be jealously guarded.

"It is expected, in fact, that Germany and the United States will be found to be occupying the same position, and thus the result will be that Russia and France will be arrayed on one side and Great Britain, Germany, Japan and the United States on the other."

AGED MAN SUICIDES.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 19.—E. H. Kirkman, 70 years old, proprietor of a general store in Cosgrove, I. T., and a man of wealth, committed suicide in a hotel here at midnight last night by taking morphine.

WILL BE A BENEFIT

ANOTHER VERSION OF KLONDIKE CONCESSION.

Owners of Property May Work Claims With Aid of Syndicate's Water.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 20.—Governor Ross, of the Klondike, arrived here yesterday from the North by the steamer Amur. In an interview concerning the Treadgold concession, about which so much excitement has been raised, Governor Ross said:

"I have not seen the amended order-in-council concerning the concessions to the Treadgold syndicate, but I did see the original order, and unless some very material alterations have been made in the document, nothing but benefit to the Klondike can result from the agreement which has been reached between the government and the syndicate.

"Owing to the fact that there are many claims on the creeks in the Klondike region which cannot be successfully worked at present on account of the poor water supply, the owners can but await the time when some powerful financial corporation or syndicate provides a generous water supply. That is what the Treadgold syndicate has contracted with the government to do, and in return for its cash outlay the government will allow it to work the inaccessible bench claims, the titles to which have lapsed or which the owners do not care to work. Owners of claims have the privileges of working their properties with the aid of the Treadgold water, for which they must pay a reasonable sum to the syndicate, the amount being set by the government, so that no imposition on the part of the syndicate will take place. That is the question as I understand it, and such being the case the concession cannot but be a source of great benefit to the whole region."

Governor Ross' present trip out is for the purpose of conferring with the Ottawa authorities.

TO RECEIVE THE PRINCE.

Arrangements for Reception at Washington Completed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Arrangements have been completed for the reception of Prince Henry when he comes to the capitol next Monday afternoon.

The party will arrive at the eastern main entrance about 4 o'clock. A committee of the members will be waiting to receive him. Representatives Grosvenor and Hitt and one Democratic member, probably Representative Dinmore, will constitute the committee. The prince will be escorted to Speaker Henderson's private office, where greetings will be exchanged, and the speaker will then invite the prince and party to occupy the speaker's reserved seats in the gallery.

At the conclusion of the presentation of the members and Prince Henry, the committee will escort the prince and party to the rotunda, where a committee of senators will meet them and give the visitors the courtesies of the senate.

RIOTERS FIGHT FIERCE BATTLE

Five Hundred People Killed or Wounded at Sano, Spain.

ARTILLERY RAKED STREETS

Vicinity of Battle Completely Wrecked By Shells—Fighting Continues—Martial Law Proclaimed.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—A message from Barcelona says a fierce battle has been fought between troops and rioters in the suburbs of Sano.

The artillery was brought into action and raked street after street. The rioters engaged the batteries at close range, but were finally driven off. It is reported that 500 persons were killed or wounded on both sides. The entire neighborhood was wrecked by shells. The ruins caught fire and this completed the destruction.

Further fighting is reported at Martaro, Tortosa and Tarragona.

STREET FIGHT CONTINUES

Battleship Felayo Ordered to Barcelona—Martial Law Proclaimed.

MADRID, Feb. 20.—According to telegrams received late tonight from Barcelona, street fighting there continues. A heavy rain which fell during the day helped to disperse the rioters, and the authorities are taking severe measures.

A proclamation has been issued ordering all private individuals to surrender any weapons they may possess under pain of severe penalties. The sale of arms has also been prohibited.

The battleship Felayo has been ordered to Barcelona. A pitched battle occurred in the outskirts of the city between the strikers and a military escort attached to several wagons that were bringing in provisions. The contents were dragged out and barricades were built across the road. The rails have been torn up to prevent trains from entering the city.

The strike movement has begun to spread seriously. At Salladon de L'Alpina the strikers burned two factories. At Saragoza most of the factories have already closed. The captain general of Saragoza has wired for reinforcements.

The strike commenced at Valencia but it did not become general. Martial law has been proclaimed at Manresa and Saragoza. Owing to a strict censorship over news from Barcelona it is difficult to ascertain the real state of affairs there. It is quite certain that the extension of the strike movement is more likely than its restriction.

CAUCUS POSTPONED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The caucus of Democratic senators called for tomorrow has been postponed. No date is fixed for the caucus.

LONG'S RETIREMENT.

Believed That It Will Not Occur Before Next Autumn.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Now that the Schley matter has been settled officially, it is understood that Secretary Long feels he is at liberty to carry out the project cherished by him to retire to private life.

However, this is not expected to ensue at once, for there is no certain knowledge of what may follow in congress, notwithstanding the belief by the administration that the case is now settled beyond revival. Therefore, it is understood the change in the cabinet circle will not take place before adjournment of congress, and that will not occur until next autumn.

WILL BE SET FREE.

Convict Under Sentence of Death Establishes His Innocence.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 20.—James Lynch, a prisoner under sentence of death in the state penitentiary, has made an affidavit to the effect that L. E. King, also under a death sentence, had absolutely nothing to do with the attempted hold up of a gambling house in this city in September, 1900, when George Prouse was shot and killed and for which crime Lynch and King were convicted.

Lynch was captured during the attempted hold up and King was arrested a few days later on suspicion of being connected with the affair. He has steadily maintained his innocence and, being an Italian subject, recently enlisted the aid of the Italian am-

bassador at Washington to assist in securing his release.

Today's affidavit was secured by King's attorneys after receiving an affidavit from Colorado to the effect that a convict named John Strange in the Canon City penitentiary, had confessed that he and not King, was Lynch's companion during the attempted hold up.

FAMOUS ARTIST DEAD.

John Moran Who Did Much Important Work for Government.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—John Moran, a member of the famous family of artists, and one of the pioneer photographers of this country, who did much important work for the United States government in early days of the science, is dead at his home in this city.

Mr. Moran, in charge of the photographic work of the coast survey made the first pictures of the original route of the Panama canal. He was the chief photographer of the expedition sent out in 1871 to observe the transit of Venus. With the advent of the dry plate he abandoned photography, and has since devoted himself to landscape painting.

SALARIES TO BE INCREASED.

DENISON, Tex., Feb. 19.—An important meeting of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers on the St. Louis & San Francisco railway, was held in St. Louis recently. A substantial increase in wages all around was ordered for both day and night operators on the entire system which means an average increase of 15 per cent.

PACIFIC OCEAN CABLE

SOUNDINGS TO BE TAKEN BY GOVERNMENT.

Tug to Leave New York in a Few Days—The Route to Be Covered.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—To take soundings in the Pacific ocean from near San Francisco to the Hawaiian Islands, thence to Ladrones and from there to the Philippines, for the projected Pacific cable, the Titus, a 120 ton seagoing tug will leave New York within a few days. Stops will probably be made at Valparaiso and Panama. One of the government's most trusted transport captains who had a knowledge of the soundings and mathematics has just arrived here from the Philippines, for the purpose of taking the Titus out.

He expects to begin taking soundings about the end of April, and to complete the task by the end of May. For ascertaining depths a new device will be used. It is a large iron cylinder, topped by a cone, containing air and is hermetically sealed, except when the cylinder is immersed. Then water flowing into the cylinder and through a tube has access to the cone containing the air.

Working on the principles of hydraulics and gravitation it is possible to drop the cylinder to a reasonable depth and the pressure is indicated on a dial attached to the cone. When the cylinder is drawn up by taking the pressure and the depth and making the proper computations, the total depth of the sea at that point is determined. Soundings will be taken every half hour with the tug going at a speed of about six miles an hour. It is not expected that depth greater than 6000 feet will be found on the course.

PATTERSON ON SEDITION LAWS

Authority of Philippine Commission is Vigorously Attacked.

TAFT IS ALSO CRITICIZED

Philippine Governor Said To Have Misrepresented True Situation in Islands—Day in the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—With the exception of a few minutes given to routine business, the senate today devoted the session to the Philippine question.

Patterson, of Colorado, discussed principally the sedition laws enacted by the Philippine commission, vigorously attacking the authority of the commission to enact and enforce such laws. He maintained that congress alone had power to put in force enactments of that character. He declared it his belief that Governor Taft misrepresented the true situation in the islands for motives unknown.

Nelson, of Minnesota, and McCumber, of North Dakota, supported the administration's policy in the islands.

DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Amendment to Strike Out Appropriation for Carlisle School Defeated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The house spent the day working on the Indian appropriation bill. Several amendments were adopted, none of which were of much importance.

Smith, of Arizona, offered an amendment to strike out the appropriation for the Carlisle school and it became the text for a general onslaught on the practice of educating Indians in Eastern schools. His amendment was defeated.

BACON'S AMENDMENT.

Guarantees Filipinos Same Degree of Liberty Now Pledged to Cubans.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senator Bacon today gave notice of his intention to offer an amendment to the Philippine tariff bill, declaring it to be the intention of the United States when order shall be restored in the Philippine islands, to allow the formation of a government for and by the Philippine people and to guarantee to them the same degree of liberty and independence that this country has pledged to the Cubans.

KILLED BY HER LOVER.

Miss Goethe Shot Dead by George Sutton in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Confined to her bed with an injured ankle, Miss Gertrude Goethe, aged 22 years, was shot dead by her lover, George Sutton, aged 19, who, with his mother, had come to the young woman's home in west Philadelphia. Sutton sent a bullet into his own breast, but the attempt to end his own life was defeated by a physician, who says he will recover.

The young people had been friends for years but differences in religion, youthfulness and parental objections prevented them from becoming married.

St. Louis, Feb. 1st, 1902.

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